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[Anal Cancer - Introduction](#) [1]

This section has been reviewed and approved by the [Cancer.Net Editorial Board](#) [2], 03/2016

ON THIS PAGE: You will find some basic information about this disease and the parts of the body it may affect. This is the first page of Cancer.Net's Guide to Anal Cancer. To see other pages, use the menu. Think of that menu as a roadmap to this full guide.

About the anus

The anus is part of the gastrointestinal tract. It is the opening at the end of the large intestine, below the rectum, where bowel movements leave the body.

About precancer and anal cancer

Anal cancer begins when healthy cells in or on the anus change and grow out of control, forming a mass called a tumor.

A tumor can be cancerous or benign. A cancerous tumor is malignant, meaning it can grow and spread to other parts of the body. A benign tumor means the tumor can grow but will not spread.

At first, the changes in a cell are abnormal, not cancerous. Researchers believe, however, that some of these abnormal changes are the first step in a series of slow changes that can lead to cancer.

Some of the abnormal cells go away without treatment, but others can become cancerous. This phase of the disease is called dysplasia, which is an abnormal growth of cells. Dysplasia in the anus is called anal intraepithelial neoplasia (AIN) or anal squamous intraepithelial lesions (SILs).

Growths—such as polyps or warts—that are not cancerous can also occur in or around the anus; some may become cancerous over time. In some cases, the precancerous tissue needs to be removed to keep cancer from developing.

Types of anal cancer

The anus is made up of different types of cells, and each type can become cancerous. There are several different types of anal cancer based on the type of cell where the cancer began:

- **Squamous cell carcinoma** is the most common type of anal cancer. This cancer begins in the outer lining of the anal canal.
- **Cloacogenic carcinoma** accounts for about 1-quarter of all anal cancer. This type of cancer arises between the outer part of the anus and the lower part of the rectum. Cloacogenic cell cancer likely starts from cells that are similar to squamous cell cancer, and it is treated similarly.
- **Adenocarcinoma** arises from the glands that make mucous located under the anal lining.
- **Basal cell carcinoma** is a type of [skin cancer](#) [3] that can appear in the perianal (around the anus) skin.
- **Melanoma** begins in cells that produce color found in the skin or anal lining. Learn more about [melanoma](#) [4].

The [next section in this guide is Statistics](#) [5]. It helps explain how many people are diagnosed with this disease and general survival rates. Or, use the menu to choose another section to continue reading this guide.

Links

[1] <http://www.cancer.net/cancer-types/anal-cancer/introduction>

[2] <http://www.cancer.net/about-us>

[3] <http://www.cancer.net/node/31378>

[4] <http://www.cancer.net/node/31265>

[5] <http://www.cancer.net/node/18463>