

[Home](#) > [Types of Cancer](#) > [Leukemia - Chronic Myeloid - CML](#) > [Leukemia - Chronic Myeloid - CML - About Clinical Trials](#)

PDF generated on July 20, 2016 from
<http://www.cancer.net/cancer-types/leukemia-chronic-myeloid-cml/about-clinical-trials>

[Leukemia - Chronic Myeloid - CML - About Clinical Trials](#)

[1]

This section has been reviewed and approved by the [Cancer.Net Editorial Board](#) [2], 10/2015

ON THIS PAGE: You will learn more about clinical trials, which are the main way that new medical approaches are tested to see how well they work. To see other pages, use the menu on the side of your screen.

What are clinical trials?

Doctors and scientists are always looking for better ways to care for patients with CML. To make scientific advances, doctors create research studies involving volunteers, called clinical trials. In fact, every drug that is now approved by the FDA was previously tested in clinical trials.

Many clinical trials are focused on new treatments, evaluating whether a new treatment is safe, effective, and possibly better than the current (standard) treatment. These types of studies evaluate new drugs, different combinations of existing treatments, new approaches to radiation therapy or surgery, and new methods of treatment. Patients who participate in clinical trials are often among the first to receive new treatments, such as new chemotherapy, before they are widely available. However, there is no guarantee that the new treatment will be safe, effective, or better than a standard treatment.

There are also clinical trials that study new ways to ease symptoms and side effects during treatment and manage the late effects that may occur after treatment. Talk with your doctor about clinical trials regarding side effects. In addition, there are ongoing studies about ways to prevent the disease.

Deciding to join a clinical trial

Patients decide to participate in clinical trials for many reasons. For some patients, a clinical trial is the best treatment option available. Because standard treatments are not perfect, patients are often willing to face the added uncertainty of a clinical trial in the hope of a better result. Other patients volunteer for clinical trials because they know that these studies are the only way to make progress in treating CML. Even if they do not benefit directly from the clinical trial, their participation may benefit future patients with CML.

Sometimes people have concerns that, in a clinical trial, they may receive no treatment by being given a placebo or a “sugar pill.” However, placebos are usually combined with standard treatment in most cancer clinical trials. When a placebo is used in a study, it is done with the full knowledge of the participants. Find out more about [placebos in cancer clinical trials](#). [3]

Patient safety and informed consent

To join a clinical trial, patients participate in a process known as informed consent. During informed consent, the doctor should list all of the patient’s options, so that the person understands how the new treatment differs from the standard treatment. The doctor must also list all of the risks of the new treatment, which may or may not be different from the risks of standard treatment. Finally, the doctor must explain what will be required of each patient in order to participate in the clinical trial, including the number of doctor visits, tests, and the schedule of treatment.

Patients who participate in a clinical trial may stop participating at any time for any personal or medical reason. This may include that the new treatment is not working or there are serious side effects. Clinical trials are also closely monitored by experts who watch for any problems with each study. It is important that patients participating in a clinical trial talk with their doctor and researchers about who will be providing their treatment and care during the clinical trial, after the clinical trial ends, and/or if the patient chooses to leave the clinical trial before it ends.

Finding a clinical trial

Research through clinical trials is ongoing for all types of cancer. For specific topics being studied for CML, learn more in the [Latest Research](#) [4] section.

Cancer.Net offers a lot of information about clinical trials in other areas of the website, including a [complete section on clinical trials](#) [5] and [places to search for clinical trials for a specific type of leukemia](#) [6].

In addition, this website offers free access to a [video-based educational program](#) [7] about clinical trials, located outside of this guide.

The [next section in this guide is Latest Research](#) [4] and it explains areas of scientific research currently going on for CML. Or, use the menu on the side of your screen to choose another

section to continue reading this guide.

Links

[1] <http://www.cancer.net/cancer-types/leukemia-chronic-myeloid-cml/about-clinical-trials>

[2] <http://www.cancer.net/about-us>

[3] <http://www.cancer.net/node/24390>

[4] <http://www.cancer.net/node/19117>

[5] <http://www.cancer.net/node/24863>

[6] <http://www.cancer.net/node/24878>

[7] <http://www.cancer.net/pre-act>