

Oncologist-approved cancer information from the American Society of Clinical Oncology

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ASCO Recommends Palliative Care as a Part of Cancer Treatment

The American Society of Clinical Oncology (ASCO) has issued a <u>provisional clinical opinion</u> [1] recommending that palliative care be offered along with treatment to slow, stop, or eliminate the cancer for patients with metastatic cancer (cancer that has spread) when diagnosed and those who have many or severe symptoms. A provisional clinical opinion offers direction to doctors and others who treat people with cancer after the publication or presentation of information that could change testing or treatment decisions.

Understanding Palliative Care

Cancer and its treatment often cause various symptoms and side effects [2]. An important part of cancer care, no matter the diagnosis, is relieving these symptoms and side effects. This is called palliative care, symptom management, or supportive care. However, palliative care is more than receiving a drug to ease physical symptoms. The goal of palliative care is to support your physical, emotional, spiritual, and social needs from diagnosis through treatment and beyond. This includes carefully considering your prognosis (chance of recovery), any symptoms or side effects, your emotional well-being, your specific wishes and goals of treatment, and other factors that affect your ability to participate in your usual activities and receive care. Learn more about what palliative care involves and how it is different from standard cancer treatment [3].

It's important to remember that palliative care is not used instead of treatment to slow, stop, or eliminate the cancer (often called standard cancer treatment). Palliative care is used to ease symptoms and side effects and manage any challenges you experience before, during, and after your cancer treatment. Although treatment to ease symptoms from cancer and/or cancer treatment is also part of end-of-life care, palliative care and end-of-life care are not the same. End-of-life care [4] only begins if all cancer treatment options have stopped working and a cure or long-term remission (absence of cancer symptoms) or control of the cancer is no longer possible.

Palliative Care Recommendations

Patients with metastatic <u>non-small cell lung cancer</u> [5] who have participated in research studies live longer when they receive palliative care along with their standard cancer treatment. This is why ASCO recommends that palliative care be combined with cancer treatment for all patients with non-small cell lung cancer.

In addition, researchers have seen that when palliative care is combined with treatment for the cancer, it improves the quality of life for both patients and caregivers. For patients who have cancers other than non-small cell lung cancer, palliative care has not been shown to lengthen their lives. However, no research studies have shown that palliative care causes any harm or increases costs. For these reasons, ASCO recommends that doctors, patients, and caregivers talk about palliative care soon after diagnosis for any patient with metastatic cancer and for patients with many or severe symptoms.

What this Means for Patients

Patients who receive palliative care at the same time as cancer treatment often have less severe symptoms, better quality of life, and report that they are more satisfied with treatment. Preserving quality of life is of utmost importance for all patients,? said PCO co-author Tom Smith, MD, Director of Palliative Care for Johns Hopkins Medicine and Hopkins' Sidney Kimmel Comprehensive Cancer Center in Baltimore, Maryland. Pwe now have strong evidence that combining palliative care with standard cancer treatment for metastatic cancer improves our patients' lives in many ways and, in some cases, can help lengthen their lives.?

Jamie Von Roenn, MD, Professor of Medicine in the Hematology/Oncology Division at Northwestern University Feinberg School of Medicine in Chicago, Illinois and the co-author of the PCO, adds, ?Palliative care is about maintaining quality of life throughout the cancer journey.?

It's important to talk with your health care team soon after diagnosis so you understand your prognosis, goals of treatment, and your options if the cancer worsens. Planning for all possibilities helps you and your family and caregivers better cope with the disease, no matter the outcome.

Questions to Ask Your Doctor

- What type of cancer do I have?
- What is the stage? What does this mean?
- What is my prognosis?
- What are the possible side effects of treatment?
- What can be done to help manage the symptoms and side effects of the cancer and its treatment?
- Should I see someone who specializes in palliative care?

- Where can I receive palliative care services?
- If I'm concerned with managing the costs of my cancer care, who can help me?
- · What support services are available to me? To my family?

For More Information

Cancer.Net Video: What is Palliative Care, with Robert Miller, MD [6]

Cancer.Net Podcast: Explaining Palliative Care [7]

Advanced Cancer Care Planning [8]

Caregiving [9]

Caring for the Whole Patient [10]

Managing the Cost of Care [11]

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Links:

- [1] http://www.asco.org/pco/palliativecare
- [2] http://www.cancer.net/node/25238
- [3] http://www.cancer.net/patient/All+About+Cancer/Treating+Cancer/Palliative+Care
- [4] http://www.cancer.net/node/25110 [5] http://www.cancer.net/node/19148
- [6] http://www.cancer.net/patient/Multimedia/Cancer.Net+Videos/Side+Effects/What+is+Palliative+Care%2C+with+Robert+Miller%2C+MD [7] http://www.cancer.net/sites/cancer.net/files/Explaining_Palliative_Care.mp3
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